



KĀDANT

Second Quarter 2026
Business Review

August 5, 2026

Forward-Looking Statements

The following constitutes a “Safe Harbor” statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including forward-looking statements about our future financial and operating performance, demand for our products, and economic and industry outlook. These forward-looking statements represent our expectations as of August 4, 2026. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including those set forth under the heading “Risk Factors” in Kadant’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 3, 2026 and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These include risks and uncertainties relating to adverse changes in global and local economic conditions; the variability and difficulty in accurately predicting revenues from large capital equipment and systems projects; our acquisition strategy; levels of residential construction activity; reductions by our wood processing customers of their capital spending or production of oriented strand board; changes to the global timber supply; development and use of digital media; cyclical economic conditions affecting the global mining industry; demand for coal, including economic and environmental risks associated with coal; failure of our information systems or breaches of data security and cybersecurity incidents; implementation of our internal growth strategy; competition; our ability to successfully manage our manufacturing operations; supply chain constraints, inflationary pressure, price increases or shortages in raw materials; loss of key personnel and effective succession planning; future restructurings; protection of intellectual property; changes to tax laws and regulations; climate change; adequacy of our insurance coverage; global operations; policies of the Chinese government; the variability and uncertainties in sales of capital equipment in China; currency fluctuations; changes to government regulations and policies around the world; compliance with government regulations and policies and compliance with laws; environmental laws and regulations; environmental, health and safety laws and regulations impacting the mining industry; our debt obligations; restrictions in our credit agreement and note purchase agreement; soundness of financial institutions; fluctuations in our share price; and anti-takeover provisions.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to the financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), we use certain non-GAAP financial measures, including increases or decreases in revenue excluding the effect of acquisitions and foreign currency translation (organic revenue), adjusted EPS, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (adjusted EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted operating income, and free cash flow. All references to EPS (earnings per share) are to our EPS as calculated on a diluted basis.

Specific non-GAAP financial measures have been marked with an * (asterisk) within this presentation. A reconciliation of those numbers to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is shown within this presentation and in our second quarter 2026 earnings press release issued August 4, 2026, which is available in the Investors section of our website at investor.kadant.com under the heading News Releases.

We use organic revenue to understand our trends and to forecast and evaluate our financial performance and compare revenue to prior periods. Organic revenue excludes revenue from acquisitions for the four quarterly reporting periods following the date of the acquisition and the effect of foreign currency translation. Our other non-GAAP financial measures exclude amortization expense related to acquired intangible assets, profit in inventory, and backlog (collectively, purchase accounting expenses); acquisition costs; and other income or expense, as indicated. We exclude purchase accounting expenses and acquisition costs to provide a more meaningful and consistent comparison of our operating results over time and with peer companies. While we have a history of acquisition activity, such transactions do not occur on a predictable cycle, and the size and nature of these transactions will vary. We believe it is important for investors to understand that these intangible assets were recorded as part of purchase accounting and that they contribute to revenue generation. We also exclude other items as they are not indicative of our core operating results and are not comparable to other periods, which have differing levels of incremental costs, expenditures or income, or none at all. Additionally, we use free cash flow in order to provide insight on our ability to generate cash for acquisitions and debt repayments, as well as for other investing and financing activities.

We believe these non-GAAP financial measures, when taken together with the corresponding GAAP financial measures, provide meaningful supplemental information regarding our performance by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of our core business, operating results, or future outlook. We believe the inclusion of such measures helps investors gain an understanding of our underlying operating performance and future prospects, consistent with how management measures and forecasts our performance, especially when comparing such results to previous periods or forecasts and to the performance of our competitors. Such measures are also used by us in our financial and operating decision-making and for compensation purposes. We also believe this information is responsive to investors' requests and gives them additional measures of our performance.

The non-GAAP financial measures included in this presentation are not meant to be considered superior to or a substitute for the results of operations or cash flows prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the non-GAAP financial measures included in this presentation have limitations associated with their use as compared to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, in that they may be different from, and therefore not comparable to, similar measures used by other companies.



BUSINESS REVIEW

Jeffrey L. Powell, President & CEO

Second Quarter Highlights

- Demand remains healthy; timing remains uncertain
- Resilient business model continues to perform
- Profitability supported by operational discipline
- Strong contributions from our recent acquisitions
- Exceeded expectations across most financial metrics

Q2 2026 Performance

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	Q2 26	Q2 25	Change
Bookings	\$312.1	\$269.4	+15.9%
Revenue	\$312.9	\$255.3	+22.6%
Net Income	\$32.5	\$26.2	+24.1%
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$68.1	\$52.4	+30.0%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	21.8%	20.5%	+130 bps
EPS	\$2.75	\$2.22	+23.9%
Adjusted EPS*	\$3.42	\$2.71	+26.2%
Operating Cash Flow	\$53.5	\$40.5	+32.2%
Free Cash Flow*	\$42.6	\$36.5	+16.6%

HIGHLIGHTS

- Healthy demand for aftermarket parts continued to drive bookings
- Strong organic revenue growth, up 8%
- Record adjusted EBITDA*, up 30%
- Adjusted EPS* increased 26%
- Excellent cash flows in Q2

Flow Control

(\$ in millions)	Q2 26	Q2 25	Change
Bookings	\$102.8	\$93.1	+10.5%
Revenue	\$100.3	\$95.9	+4.5%
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$27.8	\$27.8	+0.2%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	27.7%	28.9%	-120 bps

BOOKINGS



HIGHLIGHTS

- Strong bookings across diverse markets, particularly in the Americas
- Record aftermarket parts revenue
- Strong headwinds in Europe persisted throughout the quarter
- Demand expected to remain stable in the second half of 2026

Industrial Processing

(\$ in millions)	Q2 26	Q2 25	Change
Bookings	\$135.9	\$105.4	+29.0%
Revenue	\$143.8	\$95.9	+49.9%
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$37.5	\$21.3	+76.5%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	26.1%	22.2%	+390 bps

BOOKINGS



HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenue and bookings benefited from recent acquisitions
- Strong organic revenue growth of 13% achieved in Q2
- Record adjusted EBITDA* performance benefited from recent acquisitions
- Commercial activity is strong, timing of capital projects remains uncertain

Material Handling

(\$ in millions)	Q2 26	Q2 25	Change
Bookings	\$73.3	\$70.9	+3.3%
Revenue	\$68.8	\$63.4	+8.5%
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$14.8	\$13.8	+6.7%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	21.5%	21.8%	-30 bps

BOOKINGS



HIGHLIGHTS

- Steady year-over-year growth
- Healthy aftermarket parts demand
- Strong revenue volume contributed to adjusted EBITDA* growth of 7%
- Positioned for growth once project conversions accelerate

Business Outlook

- Customer engagement and quote activity remain high
- Demand expected to strengthen relative to the first half of the year as commercial activity remains healthy
- Improving capital equipment environment although timing remains uncertain
- Geopolitical tensions continue to pose challenges



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Michael J. McKenney, EVP & CFO

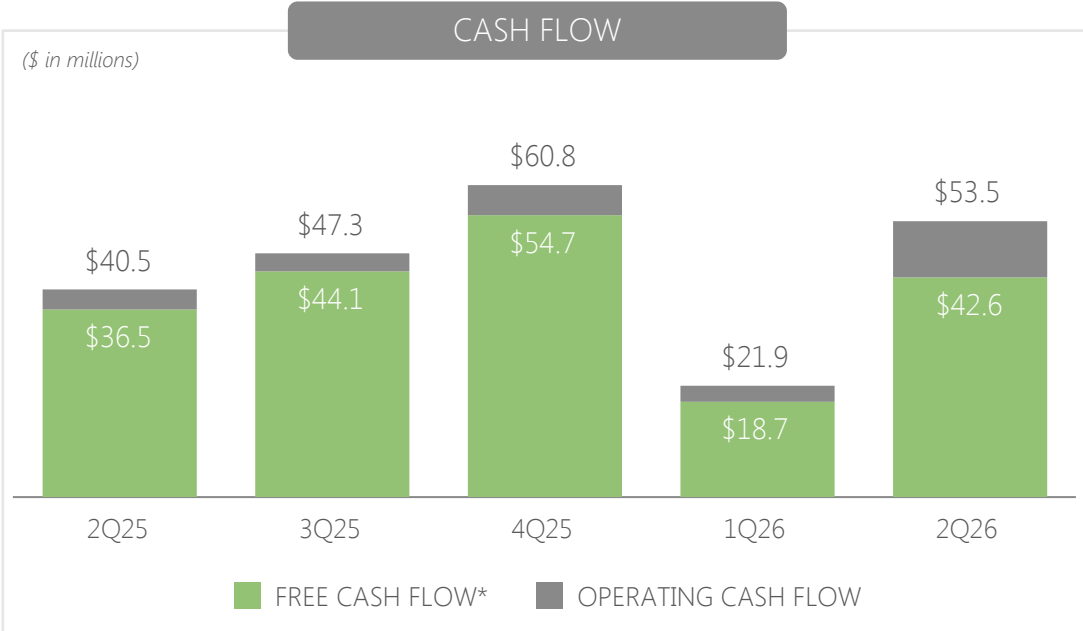
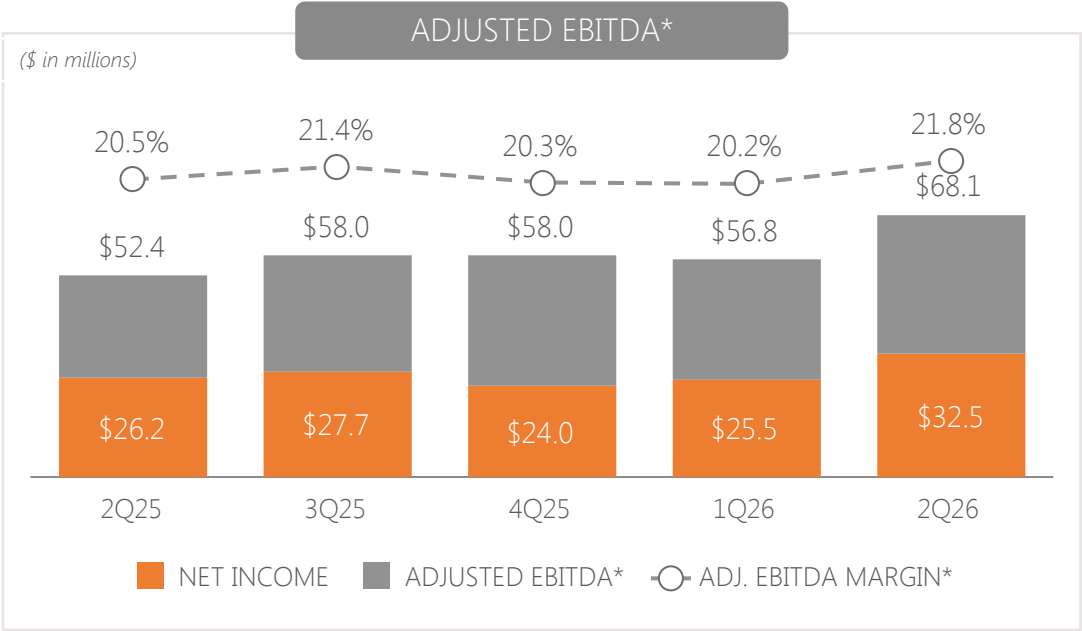
Q2 2026 Financial Performance

HIGHLIGHTS

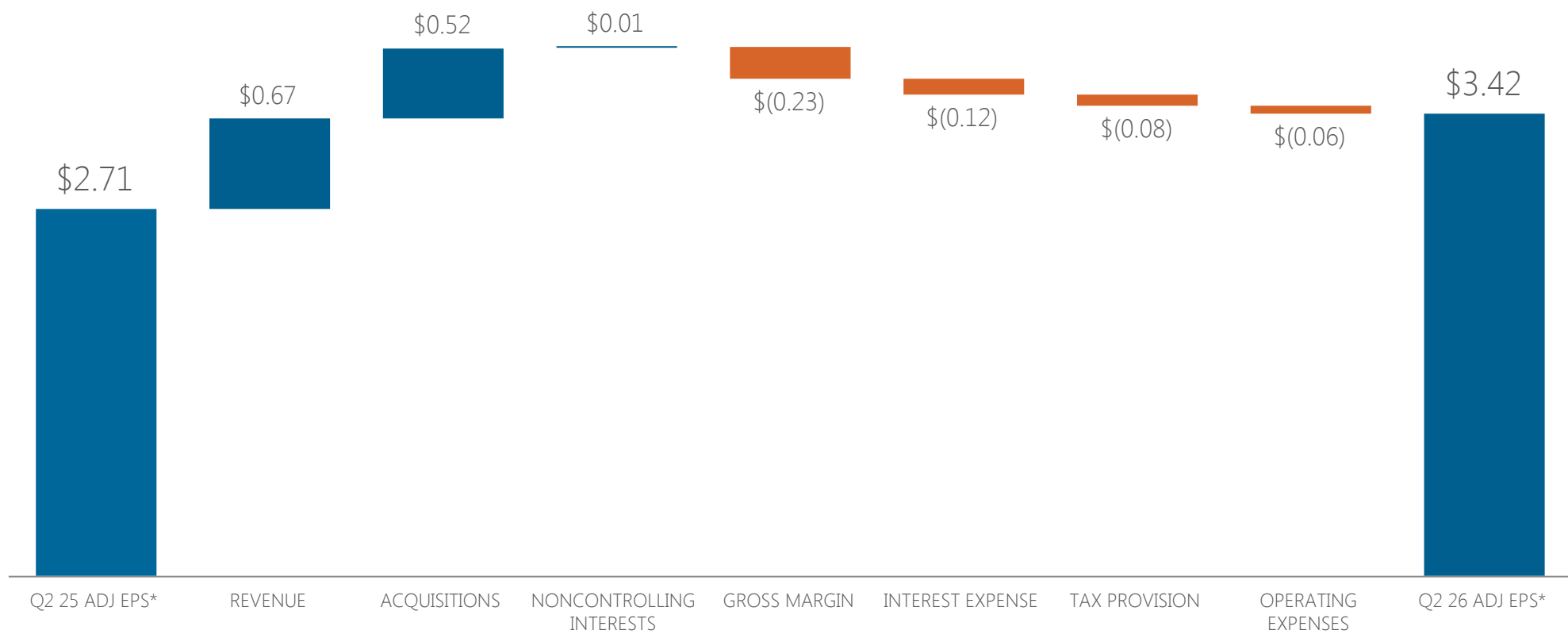
- Record parts and consumables revenue
- Adjusted EBITDA margin* of 21.8%
- Adjusted EPS* exceeded guidance
- Backlog of \$340 million

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	Q2 26	Q2 25
Revenue	\$312.9	\$255.3
Gross Margin	43.8%	45.9%
SG&A % of Revenue	26.1%	29.0%
Operating Income	\$50.9	\$39.4
Net Income	\$32.5	\$26.2
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$68.1	\$52.4
EPS	\$2.75	\$2.22
Adjusted EPS*	\$3.42	\$2.71
Operating Cash Flow	\$53.5	\$40.5

Key Financial Metrics



Q2 25 to Q2 26 Adjusted EPS*



Key Liquidity Metrics

(\$ in millions)	Q2 26	Q1 26	Q2 25
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$137.6	\$119.8	\$97.2
Debt	\$508.2	\$361.3	\$247.2
Lease obligations	\$2.4	\$2.1	\$1.7
Net Debt	\$373.0	\$243.5	\$151.7
Leverage ratio ¹	1.72	1.27	0.86
Working capital % LTM revenue ²	19.3%	20.0%	17.7%
Cash conversion days ³	133	147	128

Guidance

- FY 2026 revenue of \$1.190 to \$1.210 billion, revised from \$1.178 to \$1.203 billion
 - FY 2026 GAAP EPS of \$9.78 to \$10.03, revised from \$9.80 to \$10.15
 - FY 2026 adjusted EPS* of \$12.43 to \$12.68 revised from \$12.33 to \$12.68
-
- Q3 2026 revenue of \$297 to \$307 million
 - Q3 2026 GAAP EPS of \$2.28 to \$2.38
 - Q3 2026 adjusted EPS* of \$2.90 to \$3.00



Questions & Answers

To participate in the live Q&A session, please go to investor.kadant.com and click on the Q&A session link to receive a dial-in number and unique PIN.

Please mute the audio on your computer.

Delivering Exceptional Stakeholder Value

OUR KEY PRIORITIES



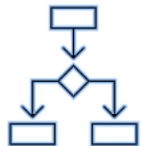
Reinforce an entrepreneurial mindset in our decentralized business model to stimulate growth and drive efficiencies.



Build leadership capabilities to achieve growth-focused critical outcomes.



Cultivate innovation, agility, and discipline for sustainable growth and profitability.



Drive operational excellence via our 80/20 Performance System and Lean principles to systematically enhance performance.



CONTACTS

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APPENDIX

Second Quarter 2026 Business Review

August 5, 2026

Revenue by Customer Location

(\$ in thousands)	Q2 26	Q2 25	Change	Change Excluding Acquisitions and FX*
North America	\$186,796	\$157,968	\$28,828	\$15,646
Europe	72,842	63,230	9,612	(2,978)
Asia	33,544	20,941	12,603	6,289
Rest of World	19,693	13,128	6,565	650
Total	\$312,875	\$255,267	\$57,608	\$19,607

Percentage of Parts and Consumables Revenue

	Q2 26	Q2 25
Flow Control	76%	75%
Industrial Processing	69%	76%
Material Handling	57%	58%
Consolidated	68%	71%

Adjusted EPS* Reconciliation

	Q2 26	Q2 25
EPS, as Reported	\$2.75	\$2.22
Adjustments, Net of Tax		
Intangible Asset Amortization Expense	0.55	0.40
Profit in Inventory and Backlog Amortization Expense	0.08	0.01
Acquisition Costs	0.05	0.08
Adjusted EPS*	\$3.42	\$2.71

Free Cash Flow* Reconciliation

(\$ in thousands)	Q2 26	Q2 25
Operating Cash Flow	\$53,510	\$40,482
Capital Expenditures	(10,947)	(3,968)
Free Cash Flow*	\$42,563	\$36,514

Adjusted EBITDA* Reconciliation

(\$ in thousands)	Q2 26	Q2 25
Net Income Attributable to Kadant	\$32,468	\$26,159
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	379	480
Provision for Income Taxes	13,182	9,822
Interest Expense, Net	4,819	2,899
Other Expense, Net	32	17
Intangible Asset Amortization Expense	8,626	6,333
Profit in Inventory Amortization Expense	1,201	24
Backlog Amortization Expense	—	202
Acquisition Costs	604	908
Indemnification Asset Provision	(125)	—
Depreciation Expense	6,918	5,534
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$68,104	\$52,378
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*	21.8%	20.5%

Notes

PRESENTATION NOTES

- All references to EPS (earnings per share) are to our EPS as calculated on a diluted basis.
- Adjusted EPS* has been calculated using our new methodology announced on February 19, 2026 to exclude intangible asset amortization expense.
- Percent change in slides 6-9 is calculated using actual numbers reported in our press release dated August 4, 2026.

FOOTNOTES

- 1) Leverage ratio is calculated by dividing total debt by EBITDA. For purposes of this calculation, EBITDA is calculated by adding or subtracting certain items from Adjusted EBITDA, as required by our amended and restated credit facility ("Credit Facility"). Our Credit Facility defines total debt as debt less worldwide cash of up to \$50 million.
- 2) Working capital is defined as current assets less current liabilities, excluding cash and debt. LTM is defined as last 12 months.
- 3) Cash conversion days is based on days in receivables plus days in inventory less days in accounts payable.